

HOSSAM GHANEM

(10) 4.4 The Vertical And Horizontal Asymptotes (B)

Example 1

38 March 31, 2004

Let $f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x}{(x - 3)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}$

Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph f (if any)

Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - x}{(x - 3)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = \frac{x(2x - 1)}{(x - 3)|x|\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x(2x - 1)}{x(x - 3)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x - 1}{(x - 3)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2 - \frac{1}{x}}{\left(1 - \frac{3}{x}\right)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = 2$$

$\therefore y = 2$ H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x(2x - 1)}{-x(x - 3)\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}} = -2$$

$\therefore y = -2$ H.A

V.A

$$x - 3 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad x = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{x(2x - 1)}{(x - 3)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{x(2x - 1)}{(x - 3)\sqrt{x^2 + 1}} = \infty$$

$$\therefore x = 3 \quad \text{V.A}$$

Example 2

59 9 July 2011

[2+2 pts.] : Let $f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x - 3}$

Find all vertical and horizontal asymptotes , if any

Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x - 3} = \frac{|x|\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x - 3}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|x|\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x - 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x - 3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{1 - \frac{3}{x}} = 1$$

$\therefore y = 1$ H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{|x|\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x - 3} = -1$$

V.A

$$\therefore y = -1 \quad \text{H.A}$$

$$x - 3 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad x = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x - 3} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x - 3} = \infty$$

$$\therefore x = 3 \quad \text{V.A}$$

Example 3
53 July 18, 2009 A

Let $f(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{x^2 - 6x + 8}$
Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph f (if any)

Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{x^2 - 6x + 8} = \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = \frac{x|x| \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x|x| \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x^2 - 6x + 8} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{1 - \frac{6}{x} + \frac{8}{x^2}} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore y = \sqrt{3} \quad \text{H.A}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x^2 \sqrt{3 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x^2 - 6x + 8} = -\sqrt{3}$$

$$\therefore y = -\sqrt{3} \quad \text{H.A}$$

V.A

$$(x - 4)(x - 2) = 0 \quad x = 2 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 4$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = -\infty$$

$$\therefore x = 2 \quad \text{V.A}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^-} \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 4^+} \frac{x\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{(x - 4)(x - 2)} = \infty$$

$$\therefore x = 4 \quad \text{V.A}$$

Example 4
50 November 17, 2008 A

Let $f(x) = \frac{|x|(x - 1)}{x^2 + x}$
Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph f (if any)

Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{|x|(x - 1)}{x^2 + x} = \frac{|x|(x - 1)}{x(x + 1)}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{|x|(x - 1)}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x(x - 1)}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 - \frac{1}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{x}} = 1$$

$$\therefore y = 1 \quad \text{H.A}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{|x|(x-1)}{x^2+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x(x-1)}{x^2+x} = -1$$

$\therefore y = -1$ H.A

V.A

$$x(x+1) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow x = -1$$

or

$$x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{|x|(x-1)}{x^2+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{-x(x-1)}{x(x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{-(x-1)}{x+1} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{-(x-1)}{x+1} = \infty$$

$\therefore x = 1$ V.A

<p style="color: red; font-weight: bold; font-size: 1.2em;"><u>Example 5</u></p> <p style="color: red; font-weight: bold;">52 April 9, 2009 A</p>	<p>Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes f, if any , for the graph f (if any)</p> $f(x) = \frac{ x-1 }{x^4-x}$
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Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{|x-1|}{x^4-x} = \frac{|x-1|}{x(x^3-1)} = \frac{|x-1|}{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x-1}{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x(x^2+x+1)} = 0$$

$\therefore y = 0$ H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-(x-1)}{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} = 0$$

V.A

$$x(x-1)(x^2+x+1) = 0 \rightarrow x = 0 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{-(x-1)}{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-(x-1)}{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)} = -\infty$$

$\therefore x = 0$ V.A



Example 6

49 July 5, 2008

Let

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + x|x|}{x^2 - x}$$

Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes for the graph f (if any)**Solution**

$$f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + x|x|}{x^2 - x}$$

$$\text{if } x > 0 \quad f(x) = \frac{3x^2 + x^2}{x^2 - x} = \frac{4x^2}{x(x-1)} = \frac{4x}{x-1}$$

$$\text{if } x < 0 \quad f(x) = \frac{3x^2 - x^2}{x^2 - x} = \frac{2x^2}{x(x-1)} = \frac{2x}{x-1}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} = 4$$

$$\therefore y = 4 \quad \text{H.A}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2x}{x-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{2}{1 - \frac{1}{x}} = 2$$

$$\therefore y = 2 \quad \text{H.A}$$

V.A

$$x - 1 = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad x = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} \frac{4x}{x-1} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{4x}{x-1} = \infty$$

$$\therefore x = 1 \quad \text{V.A}$$



Homework

Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of f (if any)

<u>1</u>	$f(x) = \frac{ x }{2x - 3}$	30 October 19, 2000 A
<u>2</u>	$f(x) = \frac{3x x }{x^2 - 1}$	5 April 8, 1993
<u>3</u>	$f(x) = \frac{5x^2 + x}{ x (x - 3)}$	14 March 28, 1996
<u>4</u>	$f(x) = \frac{2\sqrt{x^2 + 7}}{x + 7}$	3 March 19, 1992
<u>5</u>	$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1 - x}}{ x - 1 }$	6 April 8, 1993
<u>6</u>	$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3x^2 + 1}}{2 - x}$	34 March 23, 2002
<u>7</u>	$f(x) = \frac{x - 1}{ x + 1 }$	54 November 16, 2009 A
<u>8</u>	$f(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x + 2} - 2}{x + 2}$	18 May 24, 2000
<u>9</u>	$f(x) = \frac{ x - 1 (2x + 1)}{2x^2 + x}$	46 Date: July 5, 2007
<u>10</u>	$f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{ x (x - 1)}$	9 July 2011
<u>11</u>	$f(x) = \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x^2 + 3x}$	35 October 31, 2002 A
<u>12</u>	$f(x) = \frac{4x^2 - 1}{(2x + 1)\sqrt{4x^2 + 3}}$	12 November 2, 1995



Homework

Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes of f (if any)

$$\underline{1} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x - x^2}$$

$$\underline{5} \quad f(x) = \frac{7x}{\sqrt{5x^2 + 7}}$$

$$\underline{2} \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2 - 1}$$

$$\underline{6} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 1} + 2$$

$$\underline{3} \quad f(x) = \frac{x - 2}{x^2}$$

$$\underline{7} \quad f(x) = \frac{3|x - 1|}{x - x^3}$$

$$\underline{4} \quad f(x) = \frac{x^3 - 16}{x}$$

$$\underline{8} \quad f(x) = \frac{3x^2}{|x|(x - 1)}$$

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35 October 31,
2002 A

Find the vertical and horizontal asymptotes f , if any, for the graph f (if any)

$$f(x) = \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x^2 + 3x}$$

Solution

$$f(x) = \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x^2 + 3x} = \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x(x + 3)} = \frac{2x|x|\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x(x + 3)}$$

H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x^2 + 3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2\sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{1 + \frac{3}{x}} = 2$$

$\therefore y = 2$ H.A

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-2x^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}}{x^2 + 3x} = -2$$

$\therefore y = -2$ H.A

V.A

$$x(x + 3) = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad x = -3 \quad \text{or} \quad x = 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{2x\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x(x + 3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^-} \frac{2\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 3} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3^+} \frac{2\sqrt{x^2 + 1}}{x + 3} = \infty$$

$\therefore x = -3$ V.A